The Security Council,

*Having examined* resolutions 2121 (2013), expressing its willingness to introduce measures against those fueling violence in the Central African Republic and resolution 1894 (2009), expressing its intention to act when civilians are targets and humanitarian aid is blocked,

*Having realized* that 25% of CAR’s population has been internally displaced by conflict, we appreciate the close partnership between UNHCR, MINUSCA, and Commission Nationale pour Refugies for their commitment to the issue of the protection of refugees,

*Recalling* resolution S/RES/2149 regarding the sustainability in the Central African Republic, S/RES/2217 in the extension of MUNISCA,

*Recalling* the efforts of the UN High Commission on Refugees (UNHCR’s) Blue and White Tents initiatives in alleviating the gravity of living conditions for refugees,

*Recalling* that the proliferation of weapons is a threat to regional stability,

*Recalling* Article 3 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights (1948) which states “Everyone has the right to life, liberty and security of person”,

Recalling S/RES/1325 (2000), S/RES/1820 (2008), S/RES/1888 (2009) and S/RES/1889(2009) and condemning in the strongest terms the abuses and violations of the human rights of women and girls in the CAR,

*Recalling* resolution S/2015/453, which is dedicated to launch an ambitious agenda for change and measurably reduce violence and the impacts of conflicts on civilians, clearly ambitions to reduce violence by 2030 and identifying concrete targets and indicators that will promote measurability, dialogue, and action in this critical area,

1. *Encourages* the capacity building of nations affected by refugees from the C.A.R though financial support;
2. *Expresses its hope* for the raising of the CAR’s Human Development Index by providing more military support and humanitarian aid;
3. *Encourage* theinternational community to strengthen intergovernmental cooperation within the UN and UNHCR and the African Union on a case by case basis;
4. *Call upon* Member States to adopt comprehensive frameworks regarding the treatment and acknowledgement of human rights, particularly those of children in refugee camps in accordance with *the African Charter on the Rights and Welfare of a Child;*
5. *Calls upon* Member States to support refugees by working with private companies such as IKEA to provide:
   1. All weather and adaptable to all climates;
   2. Solar Powered;
   3. Ventilation;
   4. Sanitation;
   5. Mosquito netting;
6. *Urges* for the prolongation of the current weapon embargo imposed on the C.A.R.;
7. *Recommends* Member States Improve the screening of Peacekeeping personnel by conducting:
   1. Psychological Tests;
   2. Criminal Backgrounds;
   3. Stress tests and resiliency;
   4. Urinalysis;
8. *Further recommends* Member States to ensure victims of war crimes and sexual violence to have access to:
   1. Assistance;
   2. Reporting services;
   3. Whistleblower systems;
9. *Urges* the Security Council to review the United Nations Multidimensional Integrated Stabilization Mission in the Central African Republic (MINUSCA) mandate and identify areas in need of improvement, particularly the prioritization of border security to prevent the participation of cross-border rebels in the C.A.R. conflict;
10. *Calls upon* Member States to increase the number of female peacekeepers deployed, as well as gender training for all deployed peacekeeping forces, with particular emphasis on addressing gender specific abuses and supporting victims of sexual violence;
11. *Emphasizes* the importance of local organization of Africa to tackle to C.A.R. crisis;
12. *Directs* the Department of Peacekeeping Operations (PKO) to establish a Department for Internal Investigation on Sexual Violence (DIISV) to investigate on any case of misconduct on the Mandate of a Peacekeeping Mission and on violations of human rights;
13. *Decides* that the DIISV gathers all evidence and provides it to the prosecutor of the International Criminal Court (ICC);
14. *Demands* the ICC to bring any of the cases forwarded by the DIISV to justice respecting the Rome Statue (2002);
15. *Encourage* Member States to take all necessary measures allowed by the MINUSCA  mandate to protect civilians, implement its mandate and foster stability;
16. *Recommends* the need to bring justice to civilians in the CAR who have had their humanitarian rights violates, the Security Council renews its sanctions against individual implicated in the actions who violate international humanitarian laws;
17. Decides to extend the mandate of MINUSCA till 30th April 2002;
18. *Decides* to remain actively seized on the matter.
    1. Implement quality education that promotes intercultural awareness and equips youth to critically assess online content to resist the far reaching touch of radicalization;
    2. Provide, as appropriate, financial and logistical support, as well as expertise, to Members States facing a higher risk of youth radicalization including:
       1. Member States in regions with active terrorist networks;
       2. Developing Member States, particularly those with weaker education systems;
       3. Member States affected by refugee crises directly, particularly those providing support to refugees, for the purpose of building and improving education systems;
19. *Recommends* public-private partnerships with the cyber security and social media sectors, with the goal of identifying youth at risk of radicalization, while respecting state sovereignty and data privacy concerns, and making information available to local authorities focusing on deradicalization efforts, and to:
    1. Develop tools to flag patterns of behavior relating to radicalization and extremism, identifying at risk youth;
    2. Establish social media analysis tools that would report on radicalizing influences and grant the ability to take action to trace, filter, and remove these influences and their perpetrators;
20. *Encourages* the creation and support of regional or local social media campaigns, in collaboration with organizations such as UNICEF and UNESCO, to offer alternatives to radicalization and violent extremism and illustrate the consequences and negative effects that terrorism has on individuals, families, communities, and society as a whole through methods such as:
    1. Anti-terrorism campaigns showing the pain and damage caused by terrorist attacks;
    2. Social media campaigns, possibly including testimonials of families, former radicalized youth, and former foreign terrorist fighters;
21. *Encourages* Member States to consider the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), particularly Goals 4, 5, 10 and 17, aiming at the betterment of people as a driving force in the context of peace and security in conjunction with respective regional organizations pursuant of Article 52 of the *Charter of the United Nations* (1945) to:
    1. Ensure the protection of all persons, especially women and children, refugees and nationals in conflict areas and areas with potential conflict by addressing the deep rooted causes of terrorism such as extreme poverty, social exclusion, lack of education, government institutional weakness, and the lack of prospective opportunities, and collaborating on regional best practices;
    2. Expand upon the implementation of the SDGs for the betterment of all peoples and the maintenance of international peace and security by promoting transparency and collaboration on international, regional, and subregional levels through NGOs, regional organizations, and UN bodies including the Counter Terrorism Implementation Task Force (CTITF);
22. Draws attention to the paramount role that women must have in counter-terrorism efforts, to:
    1. Be role models and positive influences for their families, homes, and communities;
    2. Participate in local, regional, and international organizations supporting international peace and security;
23. *Invites* all Member States to recognize the needs of marginalized or minority groups, as necessary in order to prevent the threat of radicalization and particularly youth radicalization;
24. *Decides* to remain actively seized of the matter.